

Environmental Engineering

The Environmental Engineering program has a dual mission: to develop state-of-the-art knowledge, models, and processes that form the core of environmental engineering practice, and to train and educate academic and professional environmental leaders. We pursue these goals by synthesizing aspects of physical, biological, and chemical engineering and science along with elements of the social sciences into our research and teaching. Ultimately, our goal is to protect and sustain natural resources and human health by contributing to the sustainable development of physical infrastructure, including systems for water and wastewater management, renewable energy, and resilient coastal environments.

Our curriculum fulfills the diverse needs and interests of students within the interdisciplinary field of Environmental Engineering. The curriculum includes required breadth and depth courses while also offering students the flexibility to choose from five focus areas, including

- Aquatic Chemistry & Biology and Process Engineering
- Environmental and Geophysical Fluid Mechanics
- Environmental Data, Statistics and Modeling
- Human Health and the Environment
- Hydrology and Water Resources

Students interested in biological and chemical aspects of environmental engineering can choose from courses in the Aquatic Chemistry & Biology and Process Engineering focus area. This focus area emphasizes air and water quality and pollution fate and transport, including groundwater remediation and hazardous chemical treatment. Courses concentrate on chemical and biological principles and their application to the analysis and solution of problems in aqueous environments, including quantification and fate of chemicals, pathogens, and nutrients in the environment; biochemical and biophysical principles of biochemical reactions; physical and chemical unit operations for water treatment; microbial processes for the transformation of environmental contaminants; microbial metabolic pathways in microbial bioenergy systems; the movement and survival of pathogens in the environment; and use of microbial bioreactors for degradation of contaminants and recovery of clean water.

Students interested in the physical and mathematical aspects of environmental engineering can choose from courses in the Environmental Data, Statistics and Modeling, Environmental and Geophysical Fluid Mechanics, and Hydrology and Water Resources focus areas. Courses in these areas help students to develop an understanding of the mathematics of and physical processes controlling the movement of mass, energy, and momentum in aquatic environments and the atmosphere. Relevant courses in Environmental and Geophysical Fluid Mechanics address fluid transport and mixing processes; the fluid mechanics of stratified flows; sediment transport processes; natural flows in coastal waters, estuaries, lakes, and open channels; turbulence and its modeling; global atmospheric circulation; the atmospheric boundary layer; air pollution from global to indoor scales; and wind energy. Courses in Hydrology and Water Resources consider watershed hydrology, flow and transport in porous media; remote sensing applications; water resources engineering design and systems analysis; and stochastic methods in surface and subsurface hydrology and in water resources design. Students interested in developing mathematical and statistical models for environmental engineering problems can select courses from the Environmental Data, Statistics and Modeling focus area, which cover statistical, data-



driven, and physics-based methods for analysis and modeling of surface water, groundwater, and atmospheric flows.

Students interested in the interface of public health and environmental engineering can select courses from the Human Health and the Environment focus area. Topics covered in this area include quantification of human exposure to biological and chemical contaminants in the environment; methods to enumerate and isolate organisms used to assess risk of enteric illnesses in drinking and recreational waters; modeling of both drivers and health impacts of environmental exposures; and technical, political, and socioeconomic dimensions of water supply and sanitation service provision in both developing and industrialized countries. Students can also pursue coursework in epidemiology and public health policy as part of this focus area, subject to advisor approval.

The program welcomes applicants with backgrounds in all areas of engineering and science who are interested in applying their specialized abilities to the solution of environmental engineering problems. Prospective students who do not have an engineering or science background are encouraged to contact us at cee-admissions@stanford.edu before submitting an application.



DEGREE PROGRAMS

M.S. Degree

Students admitted to graduate standing with a bachelor's degree in Civil and/or Environmental Engineering (or equivalent) will be awarded the degree of Master of Science in Civil and Environmental Engineering by completing the following requirements:

- i. The coursework must form a coherent program of study approved by the student's faculty advisor.
- ii. A minimum of 45 units of study in residence beyond the bachelor degree, of which at least 27 units must comprise courses within the Department of Civil & Environmental Engineering.
- iii. A minimum GPA of 3.0 for MS degree students must be maintained in the quarter being evaluated. Note: Students admitted to an MS program prior to Winter 2023 must meet a minimum of 2.75.
- iv. No more than 6 units of coursework that is offered with a letter grade option can be taken for credit/no credit (CR/NC); however, there is no limit on units taken for satisfactory/no credit (S/NC) where a letter grade option is not offered.
- v. No more than 9 units of research coursework may count toward the 45 unit requirement.
- vi. Maximum 3 units of seminars, including CEE269 seminars.
- vii. At least 30 units must be taken at the graduate level (courses numbered 200 or higher). All 100-level courses must be approved by your advisor.
- viii. No courses numbered less than 100 can count towards the MS degree.
- ix. Non-technical courses, such as remedial English-language instruction (EFSLANG courses checked as required on the Report on English Screening), music courses and physical education, may not be included in the 45 units of required coursework. Students with "required" or "strongly recommended" remedial English courses (such as Linguistics 693A, etc.) must complete these courses or have them waived before applying for graduation.
- x. Students may take any courses they wish beyond the 45 program units.

Students will find these planning guidelines useful for devising their own program of study. Each student's program may be tailored to his/her individual goals and objectives, subject to the requirements listed above and the approval of the advisor.



PLANNING GUIDELINES

Guidelines for Designing a M.S. program

The governing philosophy of the Environmental Engineering program is to ensure proficiency in core areas while also permitting each student to design a program of interest in close consultation with an M.S. program advisor. The degree is kept flexible to foster interaction among students with different interests and to encourage the development of individual programs suitable for a broad range of engineering and science backgrounds and career goals.

Students planning to continue for the Engineer or Ph.D. degrees should note that the first-year program might well include additional courses in topics related to their research interests. Students are encouraged to check the detailed course descriptions at explorecourses.stanford.edu.

Undergraduate Prerequisites

The Environmental Engineering Program is open to applicants with backgrounds in all areas of engineering and science. Certain basic subjects from the traditional areas of civil and environmental engineering are considered essential for students who will receive the M.S. degree in Civil and Environmental Engineering. These requirements are usually fulfilled through completion of a B.S. Degree in Civil Engineering or Environmental Engineering or a related field.

The following courses are required undergraduate courses needed to enroll in the Environmental Engineering M.S. program. These courses may be taken at Stanford, although they cannot count toward the M.S. degree.

Mathematics, Statistics, and Chemistry (Required)

Calculus, at the level of Math 51 *or* CME 100.

Statistics and Probability, at the level of Stats 110 *or* Stats 116.

Chemistry, at the level of Chem 31A *and* Chem 31B.

Students must have the necessary prerequisites listed below in fluid mechanics and aquatic chemistry and biology. The prerequisite for fluid mechanics can be satisfied by taking CEE101B/E or a similar course in fluid mechanics, and the prerequisite for aquatic chemistry and biology can be satisfied by taking CEE177 or CEE270M or a similar course in aquatic chemistry and biology. Because it is an introductory-level course, CEE101B/E cannot count toward the M.S. degree, while CEE177 can count toward the M.S. degree because it is more advanced. However, only one of CEE177 or CEE270M can count toward the degree, but not both.

Fluid Mechanics

| | | | |
|---------------------|------------|-----|----------|
| Mechanics of Fluids | CEE 101B/E | 3-4 | Aut, Sum |
|---------------------|------------|-----|----------|

Aquatic Chemistry and Biology

| | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---|-----|
| Aquatic Chem. & Biology | CEE 177 | 4 | Aut |
|-------------------------|---------|---|-----|

-or-

| | | | |
|---|----------|---|-----|
| Aquatic and Org. Chem. for Env. Engineering | CEE 270M | 3 | Sum |
|---|----------|---|-----|



M.S. – ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Guidelines for Designing a M.S. Program in Environmental Engineering (Please Read Carefully)

The M.S. degree in Environmental Engineering is designed to be flexible to meet the career goals of the student. In order to ensure proficiency in a core related to Environmental Engineering, every student must complete 45 units of coursework in the following areas:

- Environmental Engineering Core (9 units)
- Seminars (1 unit)
- Environmental Management, Policy, and Law (3 units)
- Focused Electives (18 units)
- Breadth Electives (14 units)

Courses related to these areas are listed on the following pages. Note that the 14 units of Breadth Electives should be earned by completing courses that contribute to a coherent program of study in Environmental Engineering. The program of study must be approved by the M.S. program advisor. No more than 9 of the 14 units of Breadth Electives may be taken in Computer Science and/or Statistics without advisor approval.

Students obtaining the M.S. degree over quarters spanning more than one academic year must adhere to the degree requirements published during the academic year of their first quarter at Stanford. For example, students beginning the M.S. degree during any quarter of the 2023-2024 academic year must adhere to the 2023-2024 degree requirements handout. Any deviations must be approved by the academic advisor.

Please consult explorecourses.stanford.edu for updated information on courses, including prerequisites and scheduling.



Environmental Engineering Core**Environmental and Process Engineering
(Required)**

| | | | | |
|---|---------|---|-----|-------|
| Movement and Fate of Organic Contaminants in Waters | CEE 270 | 3 | Aut | Luthy |
|---|---------|---|-----|-------|

Hydrology and Water Resources

(At least 1 course. 266C is encouraged unless lacking prior coursework. Consult with the instructor to determine the best placement.)

| | | | | |
|--|----------|---|-----|----------|
| Water Resources and Hazards | CEE 266B | 4 | Win | Freyberg |
| Dams, Reservoirs, and Their Sustainability | CEE 266C | 3 | Spr | Freyberg |

**Fluid Mechanics
(At least 1 course)**

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----|-----|---------|
| Hydrodynamics | CEE 262A | 3-4 | Aut | Fringer |
| Rivers, Streams, and Canals | CEE 262E | 3 | Spr | Koseff |

Seminars (At least 1 unit of 269)

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------|--|
| Environmental Engineering Seminar | CEE 269A, B or C | 1 | Aut/Win/Spr | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------|--|

Environmental Management, Policy and Law (At least 3 units)

| | | | | |
|--|----------|-----|-------------|------------------|
| Equitable Infrastructure Solutions | CEE 245E | 3 | Win | Osman |
| Air Pollution & Global Warming: History, Science, Solns | CEE 263D | 3 | Win | Jacobson |
| Water & Sanitation in Developing Countries | CEE 265D | 3 | Win | Davis |
| Environmental Governance and Climate Resilience in the Face of Wildlife Risk | CEE 265F | 3 | Win | Fong |
| Water Resources Systems Analysis | CEE 266G | 3 | Aut (24-25) | Fletcher |
| The Business of Water | CEE 273B | 2 | Win | Kline/Thompson * |
| California Coast: Science / Policy / Law | CEE 275A | 3-4 | Spr | Boehm |

* Instructor is not in the CEE Department.



Focused Electives (At least 18 units total)***Depth requirement:*** At least 3 courses from 1 focus area***Breadth requirement:*** At least 1 course each from an additional 2 focus areas

Any course listed in multiple focus areas can only be counted toward one focus area in the program of study. An Environmental Engineering core course can be counted as a core or as an elective, but not both. To help with planning, courses not regularly offered are indicated by the academic year in which they will be offered. Students may enroll in core electives that are not listed below but are relevant to the focus areas, subject to approval by the M.S. program advisor.

If a course listed below has the notation (*****Breadth Elective Only***), it may be counted toward the 14-unit breadth elective requirement, but it may not be counted toward the focused electives. Note that some focus areas have required courses if those focus areas are chosen to fulfill the depth requirement for the focused electives.

Instructors with an asterisk (*) are not in the CEE Department. Due to uncertainty in course scheduling during this time, we recommend confirming the status of courses taught by these instructors.

Aquatic Chemistry & Biology and Process Engineering

| | | | | |
|---|----------|-----|-------------|----------|
| Aquatic Chemistry and Biology | CEE 177 | 4 | Aut | Criddle |
| Aquatic and Org. Chem. for Env. Engineering | CEE 270M | 3 | Sum | Mitch |
| Physical and Chemical Treatment Processes | CEE 271A | 3 | Win | Luthy |
| Environmental Organic Reaction Chemistry | CEE 270B | 2-3 | Spr (24-25) | Mitch |
| Environmental Biotechnology | CEE 271B | 4 | Win | Criddle |
| Desalination for a Circular Water Economy | CEE 273M | 3 | Win | Mauter |
| Modern Modeling Techniques for Water and Wastewater Systems | CEE 273T | 3 | Sum | Mauter |
| Environmental Microbiology | CEE 274A | 3 | Aut (24-25) | Spormann |
| Microbial Bioenergy Systems | CEE 274B | 3 | Spr | Spormann |
| Pathogens and Disinfection | CEE 274D | 3 | Spr | Criddle |
| Environmental Health Microbiology Lab | CEE 274P | 4 | Aut | Boehm |

Environmental and Geophysical Fluid Mechanics

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|---|----------|-----|-----|-----------|
| Coastal Processes (<i>**Breadth Elective Only</i>) | CEE 162F | 3 | Win | Fringer |
| Physics of Wind | CEE 261A | 3 | Spr | Gorlé |
| Hydrodynamics | CEE 262A | 3-4 | Aut | Fringer |
| Transport and Mixing in Surface Water Flows | CEE 262B | 3-4 | Win | Monismith |
| Introduction to Physical Oceanography | CEE 262D | 3 | Aut | Fong |
| Rivers, Streams, and Canals | CEE 262E | 3 | Spr | Koseff |
| Ocean Waves | CEE 262F | 3 | Spr | Monismith |
| Weather and Storms | CEE 263C | 3 | Aut | Jacobson |
| Chaos and Turbulence | CEE 363B | 3 | Spr | Ouellette |
| Ocean Modeling | CEE 363C | 3 | Spr | Fringer |



Environmental Data, Statistics and Modeling

| | | | | |
|---|----------|-----|-----|-------------|
| Computations in Civil and Environmental Engineering | CEE 201D | 3 | Aut | Kitanidis |
| Probabilistic Models in Civil Engineering | CEE 203 | 3-4 | Aut | Baker |
| Decision Analysis in Civil and Environmental Engineering | CEE 206 | 3 | Sum | Kiremidjian |
| Data Analytics for Physical Systems | CEE 254 | 3-4 | Aut | Noh |
| Imaging with Incomplete Information | CEE 260G | 3-4 | Spr | Kitanidis |
| Physics of Wind | CEE 261A | 3 | Spr | Gorlé |
| Data Assimilation | CEE 261D | 3 | Win | Kitanidis |
| Stochastic Hydrology | CEE 266F | 3 | Win | Fletcher |
| Modern Modeling Techniques for Water and Wastewater Systems | CEE 273T | 3 | Sum | Mauter |
| Introduction to Fuzzy Set QCA | CEE 277A | 3 | Spr | Davis |
| Uncertainty Quantification | CEE 362A | 3 | Win | Gorlé |

Human Health and the Environment

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|--|----------|---|-----|----------|
| Air Quality Management | CEE 172 | 3 | Spr | Kopperud |
| Air Pollution & Global Warming: History, Science, Solns | CEE 263D | 3 | Win | Jacobson |
| Water & Sanitation in Developing Countries | CEE 265D | 3 | Win | Davis |
| Pathogens and Disinfection | CEE 274D | 3 | Spr | Criddle |
| Environmental Health Microbiology Lab | CEE 274P | 4 | Aut | Boehm |
| Air Pollution Fundamentals | CEE 278A | 3 | Aut | Kopperud |
| Wastewater Treatment: From Disposal to Resource Recovery | CEE 279E | 3 | Win | Mitch |

Hydrology and Water Resources

| | | | | |
|---|----------|-----|-------------|------------|
| Physical Hydrogeology | CEE 260A | 4 | Aut | Gorelick * |
| Contaminant Hydrogeology and Reactive Transport | CEE 260C | 3 | Win (24-25) | Gorelick * |
| Remote Sensing of Hydrology | CEE 260D | 3 | Spr (24-25) | Konings * |
| Imaging with Incomplete Information | CEE 260G | 3-4 | Spr | Kitanidis |
| Data Assimilation | CEE 261D | 3 | Win | Kitanidis |
| Water Resources and Hazards | CEE 266B | 4 | Win | Freyberg |
| Dams, Reservoirs, and Their Sustainability | CEE 266C | 3 | Spr | Freyberg |
| Stochastic Hydrology | CEE 266F | 3 | Win | Fletcher |
| Water Resources Systems Analysis | CEE 266G | 3 | Aut (24-25) | Fletcher |

